

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Van Iperen Oligo Iron-DTPA 6% Liquid

Identyficator: diammonium [N,N-bis[2-[bis(carboxymethyl)amino]ethyl]glycinato(5-)]ferrate(2-)

Reg. ECHA: 01-2119980791-27-0001

CAS: 85959-68-8 EC: 289-064-0

IUPAC name: iron(3+) ino diammonium 2-[bis({2-[bis(carboxylatonethyl)amino] ethyl})amino]acetate

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/preparation: foliar, fertigation, soil.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Van Iperen International BV

Smidsweg 24

3273 LK Westmaas - Nederland

T +31 (0) 186 578 888 - F +31 (0) 186 573 452

info@iperen.com - www.vaniperen.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

In case of emergency contact the national emergency telephone number: UK and Ireland: 112 or 999

| Country               | Official advisory body   | Address  | Emergency number |
|-----------------------|--|--|------------------|
| Ireland (Republic of) | National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital                                      | Beaumont Hospital Beaumont<br>Road<br>9 Dublin | : +353 1 8379964 |
| United Kingdom        | Guy's & St Thomas' Poisons Unit Medical Toxicology Unit, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust | Avonley Road<br>SE14 5ER London                | 0870 243 2241    |

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation EU-GHS/CLP No 1272/2008. May be corrosive to metals.

### 2.2 Label elements



Signal word: Warning

H290 May cause corrosion of metals.

P234 Keep only in original package.

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

P406 Store in corrosive resistant container.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of the REACH Regulation. (see section 12).

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1. Substances

Name: FeDTPA(NH4)2

Identyficator: diammonium [N,N-bis[2-[bis(carboxymethyl)amino]ethyl]glycinato(5-)]ferrate(2-) Reg. ECHA: 01-2119980791-27-0001

CAS: 85959-68-8 EC: 289-064-0 Index No: Not available

IUPAC name: iron(3+) ino diammonium 2-[bis({2-[bis(carboxylatonethyl)amino] ethyl})amino]acetate Molecular formula: C14H26N5O10Fe



### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Health effects:

Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly hazardous in case of ingestion.

Inhalation:

- 1. Remove the victim to fresh air.
- 2. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Ingestion:

- 1. Rinse mouth, give 2-3 glasses of water to drink. Seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- 2. Until transporting the patient to the hospital to ensure peace, lying and warm.

Eye contact:

- 1. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may be used.
- 2. Seek medical attention.

Skin contact:

- 1. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated cloths.
- 2. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Depending on the materials stored in the neighbourhood use following extinguishing media: foam, water spray, dry chemical powder, CO2.. Unsuitable extinguishing media: water jet.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition / combustion products: carbon oxides and nitrogen oxides (NyOx).

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighters should wear suitable protective clothing such as boots, overalls, gloves, eye

and face protection and breathing apparatus. Do not allow to enter fire-fighting water to surface water or groundwater.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

General advice: Do not flush into public water courses. Do not empty into drains, ground or surface water and soil. If the product enters drains or water, immediately inform appropriate authorities.

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment – see section 8.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. If the product enters drains or water, immediately inform appropriate authorities.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop the leak. Collect into a suitable container using sorbent and pass for disposal. After removal, wash the spillage area with water.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

For personal protective equipment see section 8.

For disposal see section 13. For personal protective equipment see section 8.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid formation of mist/aerosol. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use personal protective equipment according to section 8. Do not disposal to sewage system.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in original, tightly closed container in a dry well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and source of ignition. Recommended storage temperature: 0oC till + 30oC.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

According to the country-specific regulations.

Selection of the DNEL(s) or other hazard conclusion for critical health effects Hazard conclusions for workers

Route Type of effect Hazard conclusion

Inhalation Systemic effects - Long-term exposure DNEL: 22 mg/m3 Inhalation Local effects - Long term exposure DNEL: 10 mg/ m3 Dermal Systemic effects - Long-term DNEL: 62500 mg/kg bw/day Dermal Systemic effects - Acute No hazard identified No hazard identified

Eyes Local effects No hazard identified

Hazard conclusions for the general population

Route Type of effect Hazard conclusion

No hazard identified Inhalation Systemic effects - Acute InhalationLocal effects - Acute No hazard identified Inhalation Systemic effects - Long-term exposure DNEL: 5,5 mg/m3 InhalationLocal effects – Long term exposure DNEL: 2,5 mg/m3 Systemic effects - Long-term DNEL: 31250 mg/kg bw/day Dermal Dermal Systemic effects - Acute No hazard identified No hazard identified Dermal Local effects - Acute Systemic effects - Long-term DNEL: 6.25 mg/kg bw/day Oral Oral Systemic effects - Acute No hazard identified

Eyes Local effects No hazard identified

### PNEC:

PNEC aqua (freshwater) - 6,1 mg/L PNEC aqua (marine water) - 0,61 mg/L

PNEC agua (intermittent releases) - 3,0 mg/L PNEC STP - 49 mg/L

Sediment (freshwater) - No exposure of sediment expected Sediment (marine water) - No exposure of sediment expected AIR - No hazard

identified

PNEC soil - 1,21 mg/kg soil dw

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment:

Eye/face protection Use safety goggles

Skin/hands protection Handle with protective gloves (recommended nitrile gloves, layer thickness 0,11 mm and

breakthrough time > 480 minutes). Use protective clothing.

Industrial hygiene: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Change contaminated clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands after working with substance. When using do not eat or drink. Immediately remove spilled

Avoid breatning dust. Wash hands after working with substance. When using do not eat or drink. Immediately remove spilled

substance.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid

Colour Transparent red - yellow

Odour Specific pH 6,0 - 8,0

Freezing point: is expected to be between -20 and 0°C

Initial boiling point and boiling range 100-110°C

Solid/gas flammability Not applicable (liquid)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits No

Vapour density:

Flash point

Evaporation rate

Vapour pressure

Density

Solubility in water

Lipid solubility:

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

1,28+ 0,01g/cm3

678 g/L

Not applicable

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):
Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Not applicable
-13,88
Non flammable
No data

Viscosity 11.8 mPas at 20 °C (53% solution)
Explosive properties Not explosive (EU Method A.14)
Oxidizing properties (EU Method A.17)



9.2 Other information

 Iron
 Fe
  $6,0 \pm 0,0 5\%$  w/w

 Nitrogen
 N-NH4
  $3,0 \pm 0,05 \%$  w/w

 Conductivity
 1,0% sol
  $3,0 \pm 0,2$  mS/cm at 20□C

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- **10.1 Reactivity –** may cause corrosion of metals.
- 10.2 Chemical stability stable under normal conditions of use and storage.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions may cause corrosion of metals
- **10.4** Conditions to avoid keep away from heat.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials aluminium, nickel, zinc, copper.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products in the event of fire produces oxides of NOx, CO, CO2,

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Acute toxicity:

Substance name % w/w Method Result Units

FeDTPA(NH4)2 100 LD50 (oral, rat) >2000 mg/kg bw

Skin corrosion/irritation – not irritating according to OECD test No 439

Serious eye damage/eye irritation – not irritating according to OECD test No 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization - not sensitising (OECD 429)

Germ cell mutagenicity - conclusive but not sufficient for classification.

Carcinogenicity - conclusive but not sufficient for classification

Reproductive toxicity – conclusive but not sufficient for classification

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure – conclusive but not sufficient for classification Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) repeated exposure – conclusive but not sufficient for classification Aspiration hazard – not applicable (solid substance)

Potential health effects

No data available.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

No data available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

There no available eco-toxicological studies for substance as such. The assessment was made on the basis of similar substances (read-across assessment).

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Available data from screening tests do not allow concluding that the assessed substance is not a P / vP. Based on expected similar behavior and fate compared to EDTA (read across) and the lack of biodegradability, DTPA- Fe(NH4)2 is slowly biodegradable in surface water under specific environmental conditions. In addition, due to high water solubility and low adsorption, DTPA will eventually leach to ground- and surface waters and not accumulate in soil.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance has a low potential for bioaccumulation (the log Kow is  $\leq 4,5$ ).

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

The estimated log Koc of DTPA-Fe(NH4)2 varied between 3 (MCI method) and -8.1 (Kow method). Due to high water solubility and low adsorption, DTPA will eventually leach to ground- and surface waters and not accumulate in soil.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substance does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of the REACH Regulation. Chemical safety assessment was conducted.

# 12.6 Other adverse effects - no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Packaging mast be disposed of in compliance with the country-specific regulations or mast be passed to a packaging return system.



## SECTION 14: Transport information

Road & Rail: ADR / RID

14.1 UN number 1760

14.2 UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquids N.O.S.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)/ Classification code
14.4 Packing group
14.5 Environmental hazards
80

14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- 1. REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENTAND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC with amendments
- 2. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
- REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
- of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006; with amendments
- 4. European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- 5. Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 Of The European Parliament and of The Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.
- 6. Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 Of The European Parliament and of The Council Of 29 April 2004 On Persistent Organic Pollutants And Amending Directive 79/117/EEC.
- 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

For this substance a chemical safety assessment was carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Other information:

To develop this MSDS used results obtained in accordance with the requirements of REACH regulation.

### Abbreviations:

DNEL - derived no-effect level is the level of exposure to a substance above which humans should not be exposed. PNEC - predicted no effect concentration is the concentration below which exposure to a substance is not expected to cause adverse effects to species in the environment. PBT – Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic

vPvB - very persistent and very bioaccumulative

## Indication of changes:

Section 2 – update according to Annex II of Regulation 453/2010 Company disclaimer

The information provided in this safety data sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any proceed, unless specified in the text.